

WorksheetCloud.com - Memorandum

Subject: Grade 5 HISTORY

Topic: Social Sciences (History): Exam Term 4

Total Marks: 113

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1. FALSE 2
- Explanation:** The people of Mapungubwe traded gold with Arab, Chinese and Indian traders. The meaning of the word "Mapungubwe" is "hill of the jackal".
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2. FALSE 2
- Explanation:** Frances Baard wrote a book entitled "My Spirit is Not Banned - I Still want Freedom in my Lifetime."
- This book tells the story of Frances Baard, a black South African woman, who was a trade unionist and political activist.
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3. FALSE 2
- Explanation:** The Pharaoh was considered to be a god on Earth and had the most power. The Ancient Egyptians believed that every person and everything belonged to the Pharaohs. They were seen as the only person on Earth who could communicate directly with the gods.
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4. TRUE 2
- Explanation:** This statement is true. Not many aloe plants were painted by the San. The aloe plant's depiction in rock art is thought to have been done as a tribute honouring the women living in the tribe.
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5. TRUE 2
- Explanation:** Kaditshwene was massive and was considered to be the capital of the Bahurutse nation. The ruins are located near Zeerust.
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6. TRUE 2
- Explanation:** The Egyptians used nets and spears to catch fish from the Nile River. There are many animals around the river, including crocodiles, frogs, mongooses, turtles, tortoises, hippopotamuses, wildebeest, baboons and over 300 species of birds.
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7. irrigate 3
- Explanation:** The only place that crops could grow was next to the river, because Egypt was hot and dry. When the river would overflow, it left nutrients and other important plant food behind in the soil. This helped the plants to grow big and strong.
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8. C 4
- Explanation:** A palaeontologist is a scientist who studies palaeontology, learning about the forms of life that existed in former geologic periods, chiefly by studying fossils.
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9. C 4
- Explanation:** The visitors centre at the Cradle of Humankind is called Maropeng, which means "returning to the place of origin" in Setswana. The Cradle of Humankind is one of eight World Heritage Sites in South Africa.
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10. D 4
- Explanation:** It is a sceptre, a symbolic ornamental staff or wand held in the hand by a ruling monarch. The "discoveries" on Mapugubwe Hill were made on 31 December 1932.

11. D	4
Explanation: Frances Baard was actively involved with the drafting of the Freedom Charter in 1955 and played a leading role in the women's march to the Union Buildings on 9 August 1956, to protest against the pass laws. She was an intelligent women who was unafraid to stand up for what is right.	
12. D	4
Explanation: Buildings, monuments and artworks are all an example of cultural heritage. The cultural heritage of a country is very important, as it shows us a lot about the country's past and how it has developed.	
13. A	4
Explanation: Many people worked on deciphering hieroglyphs over several hundred years. However, the structure of the script was very difficult to work out. After many years of studying the Rosetta Stone and other examples of ancient Egyptian writing, Jean-François Champollion deciphered the hieroglyphs in 1822.	
14. B	4
Explanation: Scribes were responsible for keeping records. They recorded things like how much food was produced during harvest time, how many soldiers were in the army and how many slaves there were. Most Ancient Egyptians were poor and couldn't read. Some Pharaohs could read.	
15. D	4
Explanation: The town of Kaditshwene was inhabited by about 20,000 people in the early 1800s. People living in this town were known as the Bahurutshe.	
16. Sterkfontein	3
Explanation: The oldest fossils of hominids are between 3,3 and 2 million years old and were discovered at the Sterkfontein Valley landscape.	
17. Sirius	3
Explanation: When the brightest star in our sky, Sirius, rose before the Sun, the Egyptians knew their annual flood was going to occur. The Egyptians, like the Ancient Greeks, were guided by the stars for certain things in their day-to-day lives.	
18. Greeks	3
Explanation: The Greeks and Romans co-existed at a time with the Ancient Egyptians and learnt many things from them. The Greeks only had to cross the Mediterranean Sea to get to Egypt, but this journey could take quite long in those days.	
19. sarcophagus	3
Explanation: The burial chamber contained the sarcophagus and King Tut's mummy. The mummy was contained in three nested coffins. The final coffin was made of solid gold.	
20. Cape Bitter Red Tap	3
Explanation: Aloe ferox is commonly known as Cape Aloe, Bitter Aloe, Red Aloe or Tap Aloe. Aloe ferox flowers range from orange-red to scarlet in colour.	
21. winter June to August	3
Explanation: Aloes bloom in winter, from June through to August. This is a time of the year when most plants are hibernating and have lost their leaves and flowers. Imagine how	

striking the aloes must be amongst the mostly plain green or brown foliage.

22. lost

3

Explanation: Kaditshwene was referred to as the lost city because it took a lot of time and effort for archaeologists to find its ruins. Researchers found the ruins by using a combination of oral historical sources and mapping data.

23. Mediterranean

3

Explanation: Near the Mediterranean Sea, the Nile River splits into two branches. Both branches flow into the Mediterranean Sea.

24. (1) Mrs Ples

6 (2 per answer)

(2) Little Foot

(3) Karabo

Explanation: - Mrs Ples was found by Robert Bloom in 1947.

- The foot bones of Little Foot were found by Ronald J. Clarke in 1995.

- Karabo was the name given to one of the skeletons found by Professor Lee Berger in 2008.

25. (1) vote

6 (2 per answer)

(2) democratic

(3) 1994

Explanation: She cast her vote in the first democratic election in 1994. As a trade unionist and an important figure in the ANC's Women's league at the time, this was a very significant moment for her and for the history of South Africa. Frances' nickname was "MaBaard".

26. (1) 1652

8 (2 per answer)

(2) Dutch East India

(3) Jan van Riebeeck

(4) water

Explanation: In 1652, the Dutch East India Company sent Jan van Riebeeck to the Cape to establish a refreshment station. This would ensure the Dutch ships received fresh supplies and water. The Cape was a halfway stop between Europe and Asia.

27. (1) Demotic

6 (2 per answer)

(2) Greek

(3) Hieroglyphs

Explanation: The Rosetta Stone is written in three scripts because, when it was written, there were three scripts being used in Egypt. The first was hieroglyphic, which was the script used for important or religious documents. The second was demotic, which was the common script of Egypt. The third was Greek, which was the language of the rulers of Egypt at that time. The Rosetta Stone was written in all three scripts so that the priests, government officials and rulers of Egypt could read what it said.

28. (1) acne

6 (2 per answer)

(2) unclog

(3) blood

Explanation: Aloe products are also used for acne problems. Aloe is said to unclog pores and improve blood circulation. These cures are meant to reduce skin infections and inflammation.

29. (1) cultural

6 (2 per answer)

(2) graves

(3) eternal

Explanation: Some aloes play a great role in cultural superstitions. Aloe variegata is planted on graves to ensure eternal life. Aloe variegata is also known as 'kanniedood'.

30. (1) farm cattle

4 (2 per answer)

(2) trade

Explanation: Iron and copper smelting enabled the Kaditshwene to farm cattle and trade. The Kaditshwene ruins are so well preserved and extensive that they are one of the best examples of our heritage.

30 Questions, 4 Pages