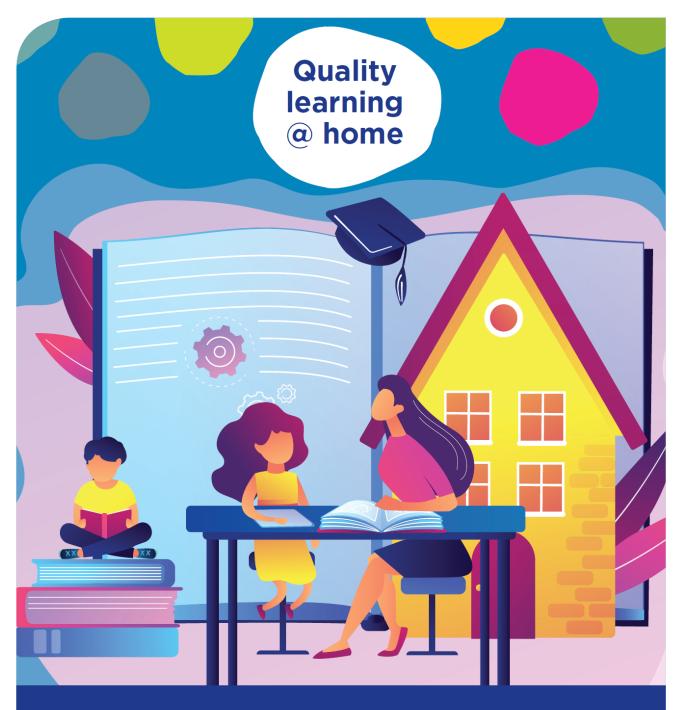


Directorate: Curriculum GET



GET Term 2 Take Home Package Social Sciences: Geography Grade 6

The continent of Africa is situated in all four hemispheres.

This image refers to question: 1

Question 1: Please Fill In The Blanks

The world's three largest oceans are the (1) off the western coast of U.S.A, the (2) between Africa and South America and (3).

Possible Answers: Pacific Ocean | Southern Ocean | Indian Ocean | Atlantic Ocean | Arctic Ocean

1	2	
3		

Question 2: Multiple Choice

Which of the following is an example of a primary product?

Α	An electric motor
В	Steel
с	Iron ore
D	A computer

This image refers to question: 3



Question 3: Text Input

When you have solar panels on the roof of your home to provide your family with hot water, you are making use of a natural resource to save your environment.

This natural resource is the

Complete the above sentence with ONE word.



This image refers to question: 4

Question 4: Multiple Choice

Chocolate is made from ... that comes from trees grown in areas between 10° N and 10° S of the equator.

Α	powder pods
В	coconuts
с	сосоа
D	berries

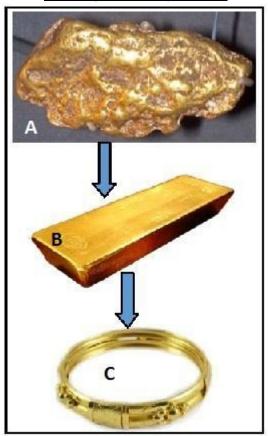
This image refers to question: 5



Question 5: Text Input

Complete the sentence with the correct word between brackets:

When a grocer sells you a piece of fruit, he is providing you with a (product / service).



This image refers to question: 6

Question 6: Text Input

Jewellery which is ... carat is very expensive because it is made of pure gold.

This text refers to question: 7 Fairtrade Products

A large variety of products display the Fairtrade logo. These include coffee, tea, herbs, cocoa, fruit, vegetables, sugar, beans, grains, nuts, oils, butter, honey, spices and wine. Fairtrade items extend beyond just food. Certain home goods, apparel and even sports balls bear the Fairtrade logo.

[http://www.ask.com/world-view/fair-trade-logo-represent-192673f03b2e614c]

Question 7: Please Fill In The Blanks

(1), (2) and (3) are some of the products that bear the Fairtrade label.

(Give your answers in alphabetical order.)

Possible Answers: clothing | cocoa | pork | wine | cement

1	2	
3		

This text refers to question: 8,9 Trading

Trading is the buying and selling of goods. Sometimes services or goods are swopped, this is called bartering. South Africa has a large number of **natural resources**. These are resources produced by nature, such as coal and metals such as gold and platinum.

When South Africa buys goods from another country, the goods are being imported by South Africa. These goods are called **imports**. Most of its imports are from China, secondly from Germany. When South Africa sells goods to another country, the goods are being exported by South Africa. These goods are called **exports**. Most of its exports are to China, secondly to the United States. South Africa exports goods such as fruit, wine, gold, platinum, diamonds, iron and car parts.

Tourism is also an export because people from other countries pay to come to South Africa. There are many different and popular tourist destinations in South Africa, such as Table Mountain and the Kruger National Park. South Africa also hosts popular annual events such as the Cape Town International Jazz Festival, the Comrades Ultra Marathon and the Cape Town Cycle Tour. Events such as these attract tourists from Africa and other countries.

There are many fruit farms in South Africa that produce fruit for export. Fruit such as grapes, oranges, peaches and apples are sold to different countries, especially to colder countries in the northern hemisphere. South Africa has a climate that allows it to grow these different types of fruit. The climate in the south western part of the Western Cape is suited for the growing of grapes, pears and apples, while the climate in North West Province is suited to citrus fruit such as oranges and naartjies. Fruit farms in the Limpopo Province produce fruit such as papaws, mangoes, bananas, avocados, tomatoes and citrus fruits due to the Province's subtropical climate.

South Africa needs to import goods that it does not produce, but that are needed by its citizens. Goods such as oil, electrical items, large machines used in factories, medical equipment and medicines are bought from other countries. Most of South Africa's imports come from North America, Europe and Asia.

Question 8: Multiple Choice

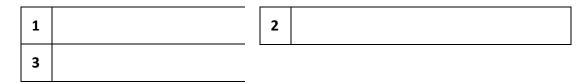
Which one of the following is not a major export of South Africa?

Α	medical equipment
В	fruit
С	gold
D	platinum

Question 9: Please Fill In The Blanks

Choose words to complete the sentence (The first letter of each word has been given): South Africa does not need to buy s... (1), g... (2) and p... (3) from other countries.

Possible Answers: sugar | gold | corn | oil | medicine | platinum



Question 10: True/False

Raw materials are also referred to as primary products or natural resources.

TRUE

FALSE

This image refers to question: 13



Question 11: Text Input

A cellphone is an example of a manufactured item and will be made in a

Complete the sentence with ONE word.

Question 12: True/False

A car's engine is a raw material.

TRUE

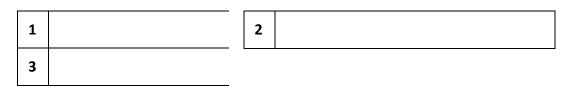
FALSE

Question 13: Please Fill In The Blanks

Copper is a very useful natural resource which is found in (1), (2) and (3).

List your answers in alphabetical order.

Possible Answers: wires | plastic | wool | poisons | electronics | fabric



Question 14: True/False

Big companies are able to pay workers in poor countries low wages to keep costs down.

TRUE

FALSE

This image refers to question: 17



Question 15: Text Input

Refer to the graphic. Two of the main tourist attractions in the Western Cape are Table Mountain and

This text refers to question: 16 The Fairtrade Product Journey

Growing Without The Help Of Harmful Chemicals

Fairtrade encourages sustainable production and initiates a long-term approach to environmental protection. No GMOs are allowed in Fairtrade.

Labour Standards

Fairtrade makes sure that farms comply with the highest labour standards, including no child labour, freedom of association and non-discrimination policies.

Handled and Traded Fairly

Fairtrade audits farms and traders annually to ensure that the whole supply chain complies with the standards.

Fair Pricing

Fairtrade guarantees producers a fair price that reflects the costs of producing sustainably.

Giving Back to Communities

Upon sales of their Fairtrade products, small-scale farmers and farm workers receive the Fairtrade Development Premium, which they can invest to develop their businesses and empower their communities.



This image refers to question: 16

https://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/Max-Havelaar-Stiftung_[Schweiz]#/media/File:Max_Havelaar_Bananen.jpg, Feb 2008

Question 16: Multiple Choice

When one buys these bananas, one can be assured that the farmer has not used ... to grow them.

Α	chemicals
В	manure
с	harmful chemicals river
D	water