



**Subject:** Grade 9 Social Sciences (History)  
**Topic:** Social Sciences (History): Exam Term 2  
**Total:** 107 Marks

**Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

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**This text refers to question: 1, 2**

## **PEARL HARBOUR AND WWII IN THE PACIFIC**

Tension between Japan and the USA began in the 1920s due to competition over access to trade in the Far East and the Pacific Ocean. This continued into the 1930s and increased in 1937 when Japan declared war against China.

On 7 December 1941, the Japanese launched a surprise attack on the US military base at Pearl Harbour in Hawaii in the Pacific. With 300 planes, the Japanese destroyed 20 American naval vessels and 200 airplanes. In addition, more than 2 000 American soldiers and sailors died in the attack, and another 1 000 were wounded.

The day after the attack, the USA declared war on Japan. Three days later, Hitler declared war on the USA, due to a military pact with Japan.

### **Question 1: Text Input**

3 marks

Complete the sentence using two words.

Following the attack on ... , the USA declared war on Japan.

### **Question 2: True/False**

2 marks

The USA and Germany were allies during World War II.

 **TRUE** **FALSE**

**This text refers to question: 3, 4**

**The effect of World War II on the Jewish populations of Europe**

When World War II broke out, the Nazis took over many European countries with large populations of Jewish people. As the Germans advanced into these countries, they executed hundreds of thousands of Jews in mass killings.

In 1942, the Nazis introduced a policy referred to as the 'Final Solution to the Jewish problem'. This was the mass killing of Jewish people in Nazi controlled areas, which became known as the Holocaust. This resulted in the deaths of 6 million Jews and 5 million others viewed as inferior.

The Nazis set up death camps and slave labour camps called concentration camps. People were transported to these camps from the ghettos on trains, and forced to work as labourers (if they were strong enough) or sent to gas chambers where they were killed with poisonous gas and then burned in incinerators.

This was one of the most horrific genocides (organized mass killings of a group) of the 20<sup>th</sup> Century.

**Question 3: Text Input**

3 marks

Complete the sentence by using one word only.

The word ... can be defined as the intentional and systematic mass killing of a group of people. This describes the actions of the Nazis during World War II.

**Question 4: Multiple Choice**

4 marks

Complete the sentence:

The Holocaust refers to the mass extermination of ... in Europe under the Nazis.

- |          |               |
|----------|---------------|
| <b>A</b> | 'Aryans'      |
| <b>B</b> | Jewish people |
| <b>C</b> | Stormtroopers |
| <b>D</b> | Americans     |

**Question 5: Multiple Choice**

4 marks

Which of the following was NOT a possible outcome for people who resisted against the Nazis?

- |          |                                    |
|----------|------------------------------------|
| <b>A</b> | Execution                          |
| <b>B</b> | Arrest                             |
| <b>C</b> | Being sent to a concentration camp |
| <b>D</b> | Joining the German army            |

**This image refers to question: 6**



**Question 6: True/False**

2 marks

Berlin was in the British-controlled zone of Germany.

- |             |              |
|-------------|--------------|
| <b>TRUE</b> | <b>FALSE</b> |
|-------------|--------------|

**Question 7: Multiple Choice**

4 marks

Communism and capitalism are two opposing ideologies. An ideology is ...

- A** a set of beliefs, often about how the economy or political system should be run.
- B** a set of beliefs, often about how the political system should be run.
- C** the belief that all private ownership should be abolished (ended).
- D** a dictatorship.

**This image refers to question: 8**

## The Manhattan Project

- \* During World War II, the USA set up a programme to develop nuclear weapons, spending \$2 billion over six years. This was called the Manhattan Project (site shown in the photograph)
- \* The nuclear bomb was first used in a test in the mountains of New Mexico July 1945. After this test it was used twice – in bombings of two Japanese cities: Hiroshima & Nagasaki in August 1945.



**Question 8: Text Input**

3 marks

Answer with the **name of the country only**.

The USA dropped two atomic bombs on ... in August 1945, ending World War II.

**Question 9: Text Input**

3 marks

After the blockade, Germany officially split into ... Germany and East Germany.

**This text refers to question: 10**

**Oskar Schindler**

Oskar Schindler was a German businessman who is most well-known for saving the lives of at least 1 200 Jews during WWII by giving them work in his factories. He paid bribes to many Nazi officials to ensure his workers were protected. He said the following about his actions:

*I just couldn't stand by and see people destroyed. I did what I could, what I had to do, what my conscience told me I must do. That's all there is to it."*



**Question 10: Text Input**

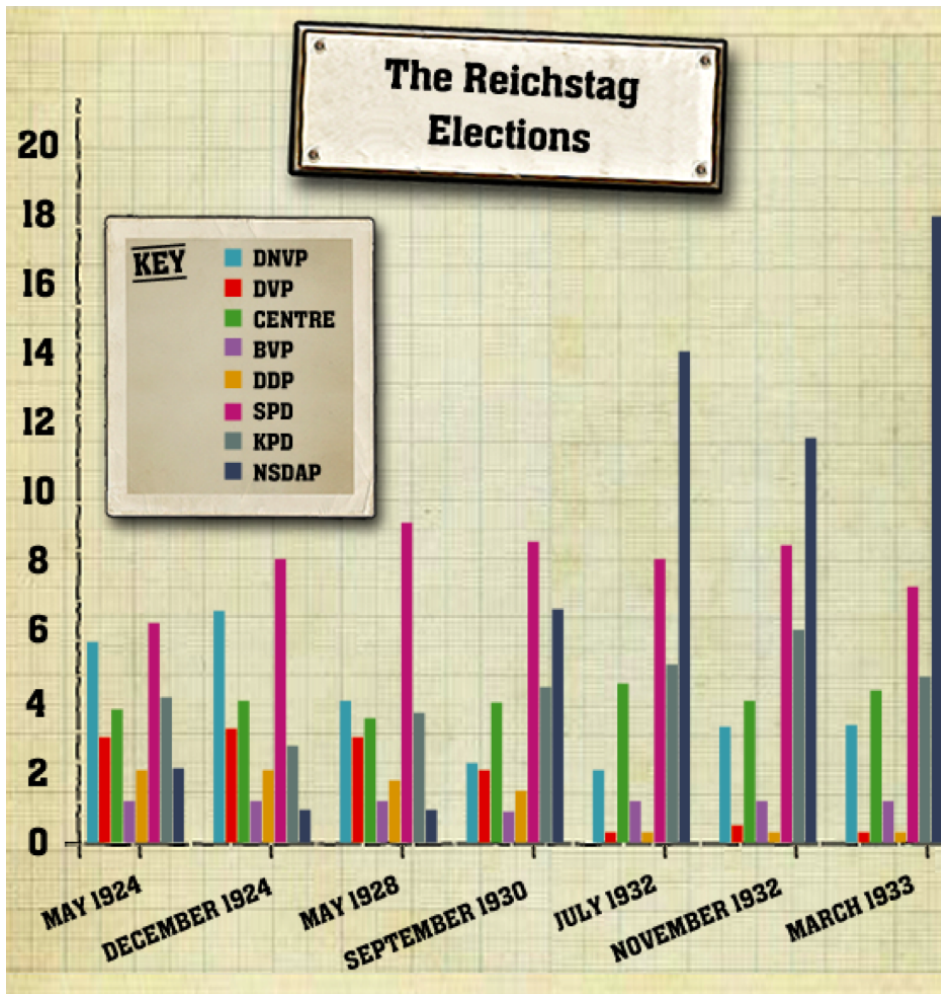
3 marks

Complete the following sentence, using one word only.

Oskar Schindler is an example of a ... citizen who resisted the Nazis.

**This text refers to question: 11**

The source shows the votes received by different political parties in Germany in the 'Reichstag (Parliament) Elections' between 1924 and 1933. The Nazi Party is the NSDAP (shown with a dark blue bar).



**Question 11: Text Input**

3 marks

State the year in which the Nazis received the largest number of votes.

**Question 12: Please Fill In The Blanks**

4 marks

(1) Germany was communist and (2) Germany was capitalist.

Possible Answers: East | West | North | South

<b>1</b>	
----------	--

<b>2</b>	
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**This text refers to question: 13, 14**

Denmark was the only European country to save almost all of its Jewish residents from the Holocaust. After the Nazis invaded Denmark, resisters secretly evacuated over 7 000 Jews to Sweden by boat. This photograph shows one of these boats.



**Question 13: Please Fill In The Blanks**

6 marks

This photograph is evidence of (1) refugees being evacuated from (2) to (3) .

Possible Answers: Jewish | Nazi | Sweden | Denmark | Poland

<b>1</b>	
<b>3</b>	

<b>2</b>	
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**Question 14: Text Input**

3 marks

Which country offered a safe-haven for the Jewish refugees who came from Denmark?

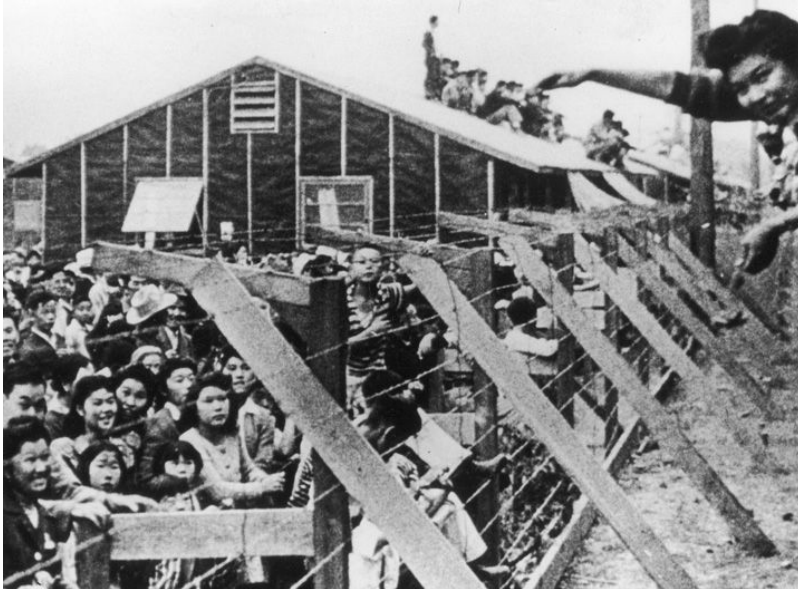
Answer using one word only.

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**This text refers to question: 15**

### **JAPANESE AMERICANS FORCED INTO INTERNMENT CAMPS**

In 1942, over 100 000 Japanese Americans were removed from their homes and forced into **internment camps** in the USA. This was due to the belief that Japan planned to invade the USA with the help of Japanese Americans. However, the evidence suggests this was more due to racial prejudice than a real threat to American security. These camps were usually overcrowded and poorly maintained.



#### **Question 15: Multiple Choice**

4 marks

An **internment camp** in the USA, in the context of World War II, was ... .

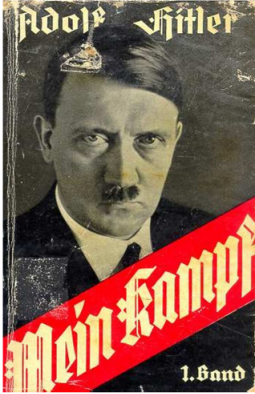
- |          |  |
|----------|--|
| <b>A</b> | a holiday destination for Japanese Americans |
| <b>B</b> | a wartime prison camp for Japanese Americans |
| <b>C</b> | a surprise attack on the USA                 |
| <b>D</b> | a surprise attack on Japan                   |



**This text refers to question: 16**

Following the Munich Putsch, Hitler was put in prison where he wrote 'Mein Kampf', which means 'My Struggle'. In this book, he outlined his political beliefs that:

- The Germans (whom he called the Aryan race) were superior to all other people.
- The Treaty Of Versailles should be destroyed.
- The German people should be reunited.
- Jewish people were the cause of everything wrong in German society.



**Question 16: Please Fill In The Blanks**

4 marks

'Mein Kampf' is an example of a (1) source because it is from the (2) being studied.

Possible Answers: Tertiary | Time | Secondary | Primary

<b>1</b>	
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<b>2</b>	
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**This image refers to question: 17, 18**

## The "Master Race"



Hitler and the Nazis believed that the German people were the "master race" called Aryans:

They believed:

- \* The 'Aryan' race was superior to all other races
- \* There was a need to protect the purity of the blood of 'Aryans' from 'other' groups
- \* 'Aryan' women should be encouraged to reproduce – have more children
- \* There was a need to destroy races that threatened this so called purity. This included Jews, physically and mentally disabled people, Roma, Slavs, homosexuals and people of colour.

### Question 17: Please Fill In The Blanks

6 marks

Hitler believed that the (1) (genes) of the Aryan people needed to be kept (2) by preventing any mixing with people viewed as 'impure', including Jews, people with (3) and people of colour, who were then removed from society.

Possible Answers: Aryan | pure | disabilities | blood | master race

<b>1</b>	
<b>3</b>	

<b>2</b>	
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### Question 18: Please Fill In The Blanks

6 marks

The stereotype of the Aryan family was of people who had (1) hair and (2) eyes. Men were seen as physically (3) and the women were shown as fertile (having many children).

Possible Answers: brown | blonde | blue | strong | inferior

<b>1</b>	
<b>3</b>	

<b>2</b>	
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**This image refers to question: 19, 20**

The Ideology of Communism	The Ideology of Capitalism
Public ownership	Private ownership
People need one another	People need freedom
When people work together as equals, they achieve greater things	When people compete against one another, they achieve great things (e.g. free enterprise to start a business)
No-one should have more than anyone else – everybody's needs are equally important	Some people have more than others because they make better use of their abilities
Governments should make sure that everyone's needs are being met (e.g. education, healthcare etc.)	Governments should not interfere with the rights of individuals to make their own living
There is central control of the economy	The government should interfere in the economy as little as possible

**Question 19: Text Input**

3 marks

Complete the sentence using one word.

In a ... society, there is free enterprise – anyone can choose to start their own business in order to make a profit.

**Question 20: True/False**

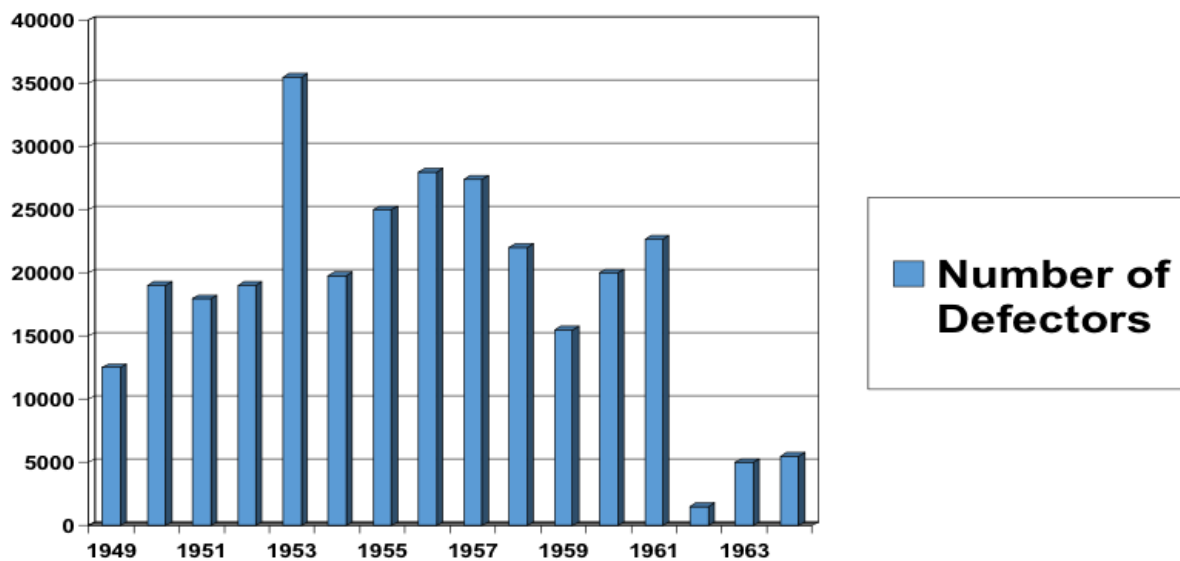
2 marks

In a communist society, there is private ownership of the means of production (factories, business etc.).

 TRUE FALSE

**This image refers to question: 21**

A graph showing the number of people defecting (leaving) East Germany for West Germany.



**Question 21: Multiple Choice**

4 marks

This graph shows historians studying the Cold War ...

- A** statistics regarding the number of people who left East Germany for West Germany
- B** an insight into the impact of the Berlin Wall on ordinary people's lives
- C** an oral source providing information about the number of defectors
- D** a visual of the Berlin Wall being built

**This text refers to question: 22, 23**

The cartoon shows the leader of the USSR on the left (Khrushchev) and the leader of the USA on the right (Kennedy) during the Cuban Missile Crisis. This was a time in the Cold War when it seemed that both sides might start a nuclear conflict.



**Question 22: Multiple Choice**

4 marks

The message of the cartoon is that ...

- |          |   |
|----------|---|
| <b>A</b> | the USA and USSR were in a competition that could lead to Mutually Assured Destruction. |
| <b>B</b> | the Cold War was conducted through arm-wrestling.                                       |
| <b>C</b> | Kennedy (right) was more concerned than Khrushchev (left) about the arms race.          |
| <b>D</b> | The USA and USSR both wanted to start a nuclear war.                                    |

**Question 23: Multiple Choice**

4 marks

The two leaders shown in the cartoon are ... .

- |          |                           |
|----------|---------------------------|
| <b>A</b> | Kennedy and Stalin        |
| <b>B</b> | Kennedy and Khrushchev    |
| <b>C</b> | Khrushchev and Eisenhower |
| <b>D</b> | Stalin and Eisenhower     |

**This text refers to question: 24**

**The Space Race**

The USA and USSR both competed to achieve advancements in space exploration. This was called the **space race**. Both sides wanted to prove that their system was superior through this competition and they celebrated their achievements through the use of propaganda.

The USSR launched the first satellite, called Sputnik, into space. This was a spacecraft that orbited the earth and could potentially attack from space. The USSR also sent the first person into space – Yuri Gagarin. These were both major propaganda victories for the USSR.

The USA then pumped huge sums of money into the space race through the organisation NASA. This led to the first mission in which people orbited the moon, and then the first moon landing by US astronauts in 1969. This was a great propaganda victory for the USA.

**Question 24: Please Fill In The Blanks**

4 marks

The (1) sent the first person into space, while the (2) landed the first person on the moon.

Possible Answers: USA | Sputnik | USSR | UK

<b>1</b>	
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<b>2</b>	
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**This image refers to question: 25**

**Kristallnacht (Crystal Night)/ Pogromnacht was a night of violence against Jews by the Nazis.**

- \* 9-10 November 1938:
- \* 7500 Jewish shops destroyed
- \* 400 synagogues (Jewish house of worship) burnt
- \* 91 Jews killed
- \* 20 000 sent to concentration camps



A photograph of a Jewish shop after Kristallnacht

**Question 25: True/False**

2 marks

Jewish people went to the concentration camps of their own free will (choice) after Kristallnacht.

**TRUE**

**FALSE**

**This image refers to question: 26**

	<b>Hiroshima</b>	<b>Nagasaki</b>
Pre-raid population	255 000	195 000
Dead	66 000	39 000
Injured	69 000	25 000
<b>Total Casualties</b>	<b>135 000</b>	<b>64 000</b>

**Question 26: Multiple Choice**

4 marks

The total number of casualties at Hiroshima was ... .

- |          |         |
|----------|---------|
| <b>A</b> | 69 000  |
| <b>B</b> | 135 000 |
| <b>C</b> | 125 000 |
| <b>D</b> | 64 000  |

**Question 27: Please Fill In The Blanks**

4 marks

The Cold War was a conflict between communist (1) and its allies, and capitalist (2) and its allies, between 1945 and 1991.

Possible Answers: USA | Germany | Japan | USSR

<b>1</b>	
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<b>2</b>	
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**Question 28: Text Input**

3 marks

Complete the sentence with **one word** only.

The conflict between the superpowers that took place from 1945 to 1991 is referred to as the ... War.

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**This image refers to question: 29**

## Why did the USA drop the bombs?

- \* Following the first test of a nuclear bomb by the Manhattan Project in New Mexico in July 1945 the USA had to decide whether to use this weapon on Japan to end World War II.
- \* President Truman decided that he would rather use the bomb on Japan than risk the lives of American soldiers in a land invasion of Japan.
- \* The effectiveness of the bomb was not the only reason for using it. There was pressure from scientists who actually wanted to see the weapon in action. And some historians believe it was a message to the USSR to show Stalin that the USA had an extremely powerful weapon that they were willing to use.
- \* After the USA dropped the bombs on Hiroshima on 6 August 1945 and then Nagasaki on 9 August 1945, the Japanese emperor surrendered and **World War II was over.**

**Question 29: True/False**

2 marks

The USA tested their newly developed atomic bombs on Japan in July 1945.

**TRUE**

**FALSE**

**This image refers to question: 30**

# Hitler Becomes Führer

## August 2, 1934

When the president died, Hitler joined the offices of Chancellor and President making him the supreme leader of Germany. He assumed the title of Führer (leader)



### Question 30: Multiple Choice

4 marks

The symbol of the Nazis that is shown in the photographs (on the flag and on Hitler's arm) is called the ... .

- |          |              |
|----------|--------------|
| <b>A</b> | Black Cross  |
| <b>B</b> | Swastika     |
| <b>C</b> | Red Cross    |
| <b>D</b> | Nazi Sticker |

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**Total:** 107 Marks