**Subject:** Grade 4 Social Sciences (History) **Topic:** Social Sciences (History): Exam Term 2

Total: 85 Marks

1. write down the guestions you want to ask the person | write down the person's answers

4 marks

## **Explanation:**

You can find out about the past by interviewing people. You must prepare for the interview.

Write down the questions that you want to ask the person. Take notes during the interview so that you do not forget the person's answers.

2. clothes | clothing 3 marks

## **Explanation:**

Objects such as clothes, furniture, cars, crockery and cutlery, give us a lot of information about the past. Sometimes they are seen in photographs.

3. herd boy | lawyer | African National Congress | president

8 marks

#### **Explanation:**

Nelson Mandela helped to herd sheep as a child. He studied at Fort Hare to become a lawyer. He fought for equality for the people of all races with the ANC (African National Congress) and then became South Africa's first black president.

4. true 2 marks

#### **Explanation:**

Uniforms, in many schools, have changed from the past to the present, especially to make it cheaper for parents to buy them.

5. Fort Hare | University of Fort Hare

3 marks

#### **Explanation:**

Nelson Mandela studied at Fort Hare University to become a lawyer.

6. true 2 marks

## **Explanation:**

The news on radio stations gives us information about our local areas.

7. assassinated | tolerance | pray

6 marks

## **Explanation:**

He was shot three times by a man named Nathuram Godse.

8. C: museum 3 marks

## **Explanation:**

A museum is a building where collections of objects that are important to history, art or science are kept and shown to the public.

9. diaries | letters 4 marks

## **Explanation:**

Long ago people kept diaries and wrote letters, leaving us with a lot of information about the past. People wrote about events that were happening and how they felt at the time.

10. B: serving others 4 marks

### **Explanation:**

Losing yourself in service to others is an example of working for the good of other people. Gandhi believed that if you did this, you would find yourself.

11. wrote books | 74 4 marks

### **Explanation:**

1945 - 1871 = 74

An author writes books, plays, stories and other written pieces.

This gravestone also tells us that Emily was an artist and that she loved nature.

12. 21 | twenty one | twenty-one

3 marks

## **Explanation:**

Gandhi lived in South Africa for 21 years before he went back to India.

13. 1918 3 marks

#### **Explanation:**

Nelson Mandela was born on 18 July 1918 in a tiny village called Mvezo.

14. D: brave 4 marks

# **Explanation:**

By continuing to organise protests, despite the ANC being banned, Nelson Mandela was showing that he was a brave leader. He was willing to get into 'trouble' for his strong beliefs in equality.

15. internet 2 marks **Explanation:** Type the name of the local area in 'google' and the information will appear instantly. 16. 1994 3 marks **Explanation:** In 1994 the first democratic vote took place, which means that people of any race were able to vote for a president. 17. C: in the past 4 marks **Explanation:** The past is something that has already happened. Therefore, History is something that has already happened. 18. 78 | seventy eight | seventy-eight 3 marks **Explanation:** Gandhi was 78 years old when he was assassinated. 19. Objects | cars 4 marks **Explanation:** Objects such as cars, furniture and bones, give us information about the past. 20. Street names | Road names 3 marks **Explanation:** Enoch Sontonga died a long time ago. The people of South Africa wanted to honour him for writing part of the national anthem. So they named a street/road after him. 2 marks 21. true **Explanation:** We know a lot about the San and their way of life by studying their paintings. 22. true 2 marks **Explanation:** 23. B: a memorial 3 marks **Explanation:** A memorial is a statue to honour and remember a dead person or past event.

24. false 2 marks

# **Explanation:**

Nelson Mandela was the first black president of South Africa, but there were many other presidents before him.

25. D: example 4 marks

# **Explanation:**

Gandhi lived his life as an example of his deep beliefs about equality for all.

Total: 85 Marks